

How can we multiply Polynomials?

1. Distributive Property - Any Polynomials
2. FOIL - Only for Binomials

Using the Distributive Property to multiply Polynomials

Ex 1: $4x(3x+3)$

$$4x(3x) + 4x(3)$$

$$\boxed{12x^2 + 12x}$$

Ex 2: $(x+1)(2x-1)$

$$(x+1)(2x) + (x+1)(-1)$$

$$x(2x) + 1(2x) + x(-1) + 1(-1)$$

$$2x^2 + 2x + (-x) + (-1)$$

$$\boxed{2x^2 + x - 1}$$

Ex 3: $(x+2)(x^2+2x+6)$

$$(x+2)(x^2) + (x+2)(2x) + (x+2)(6)$$

$$x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x^2 + 4x + 6x + 12$$

$$\boxed{x^3 + 4x^2 + 10x + 12}$$

Ex 4: $(2x^2 - 3x + 2)(-x^2 + 5x - 5)$

$$(2x^2 - 3x + 2)(-x^2) + (2x^2 - 3x + 2)(5x) + (2x^2 - 3x + 2)(-5)$$

$$-2x^4 + 3x^3 + (-2x^2) + 10x^3 + (-15x^2) + 10x + (-10x^2) + 15x + (-10)$$

$$-2x^4 + 13x^3 + (-27x^2) + 25x + (-10)$$

Using FOIL to multiply Binomials

To multiply two binomials, find the sum of the products of

F the first terms,

O the outer terms,

I the inner terms,

L the last terms.

Ex 1: $(x + 2)(x + 3)$

$$x(x) + x(3) + 2(x) + 2(3)$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 2x + 6$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 6$$

Ex 2: $(x+y)(2x-3y)$

F O I L

$x(2x) + x(-3y) + y(2x) + y(-3y)$

$2x^2 + (-3xy) + 2xy + (-3y^2)$

$2x^2 + (-xy) + (-3y^2)$

Ex 3: $(m-3)(m+4)$

F O I L

$m^2 + 4m + (-3m) + (-12)$

$m^2 + m + (-12)$

Ex 4: $(n+6)(n+1)$

$n^2 + n + 6n + 6$

$n^2 + 7n + 6$

Ex 5: $(2m+6)(m-1)$

$2m^2 + (-2m) + 6m + (-6)$

$2m^2 + 4m + (-6)$

Ex 6: $(5a-1)(5a+6)$

$25a^2 + 30a + (-5a) + (-6)$

$25a^2 + 25a + (-6)$

Ex 7: $(x-4)(x+4) - (x+3)(x-3)$

$(x^2 + 4x + (-4x) + (-16)) - (x^2 + (-3x) + 3x + (-9))$

$(x^2 + (-16)) - (x^2 + (-9))$

$x^2 + (-16) + (-x^2) + 9$

-7

Ex 8: $(x-2)^3$

$$\underline{(x-2)(x-2)(x-2)}$$

$$(x^2 + (-2x) + (-2x) + 4)(x-2)$$

$$\underline{(x^2 + (-4x) + 4)(x-2)}$$

$$\underline{(x^2 + (-4x) + 4)(x)} + \underline{(x^2 + (-4x) + 4)(-2)}$$

$$\underline{x^3 + (-4x^2) + 4x} + \underline{(-2x^2) + 8x + (-8)}$$

$$\boxed{x^3 + (-6x^2) + 12x + (-8)}$$

Assignment #51

Part I: p. 565-566 #1-2, 6-8, 17-35 odd, 46-48

Part II: p. 566 #18-24 even, 28-36 even

p. 572 #3-17 odd, 11-15 odd, 23-33 odd